

work abroad, his marriage, and his homosexuality.

4659A. WALKER, JIM. "Homosexuality in Australia," **New Doctor**, 17 (August-October 1980), 28-30.

Problems encountered by homosexual physicians in disclosing their orientation, and uneasiness felt by homosexual patients in consulting a physician whom they believe to be heterosexual.

C. THE AIDS CRISIS

The Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome (AIDS) first drew significant attention in the spring of 1981. The chief groups affected by this extraordinarily lethal disease are male homosexuals and intravenous drug users. The following section does not pretend to offer any control over the thousands of professionally medical reports that have been published--though these can be approached through the bibliographies that have been cited. Instead the coverage focuses chiefly on the social and political aspects: the effects of the disease on the life patterns and self-concept of homosexuals, changes in the structure of gay service organizations, and the response of the larger political community.

4660. ALTMAN, DENNIS. **AIDS in the Mind of America**. New York: Doubleday, 1986. 228 pp.

Attempts an overview of how the AIDS crisis has altered attitudes about sex, disease, medicine, and death. While the final chapter offers an account of what is specifically American about the response, this ambitious study lacks comparative depth. See also his: "AIDS: The Politicization of an Epidemic," **Socialist Review**, no. 78 (November-December 1984), 93-109.

4661. BATCHELOR, WALTER F. "AIDS: A Public Health and Psychological Emergency," **American Psychologist**, 39 (1984), 1279-84.

The psychological ramifications of AIDS involve the social stigmas attached to the lifestyles of high-risk groups and the fear of contracting AIDS held by the general public.

4662. BAYER, RONALD. "AIDS and the Gay Community: Between the Specter and the Promise of Medicine," **Social Research**, 52 (1985), 581-606.

Fearful of how medical authority might be abused, the gay community has sought to invoke protections enunciated in the liberal tradition of biomedical ethics.

4663. BAYER, RONALD. "Gays and the Stigma of 'Bad Blood,'" **Hastings Center Report**, 13:2 (April 1983),

5-7.

On March 4, 1983, the U.S. Public Health Service recommended that "sexually active homosexual and bisexual men with multiple partners" be prohibited from donating or selling their blood. Success of the ban depends on the cooperation and honesty of gay men.

4664. BAYER, RONALD, CAROL LEVINE, and THOMAS MURRAY. "Guidelines for Confidentiality in Research on AIDS," **IRB: A Review of Human Subjects Research**, 6:6 (November-December 1984), 1-7.

Increasing knowledge about AIDS and the social problems consequent on this knowledge pose new challenges in the area of personal privacy.

4665. BERGEN, INEKE VAN DEN, and REIJER BREED. **Is het waar dat Lefert AIDS heeft?** Amsterdam: Van Genneep, 1985. 84 pp.

Traces the effects of AIDS on a Dutchman, Lefert Scheepert, diagnosed on November 27, 1984, and his friend Reijer Breed.

4666. BERGMANN, THOMAS, HANS JAGER, and FRANK RUEHMANN. **AIDS: was tun?** Berlin: Bruno Gmunder, 1983. 80 pp.

Objective overview for the lay public by West German gay physicians, now somewhat dated.

4667. BERKOWITZ, RICHARD, MICHAEL CALLEN, and RICHARD DWORKIN. **How to Have Sex in an Epidemic: One Approach.** New York: News from the Front, 1983. 40 pp.

Advice on "safer sex," some of it sensible, some problematic.

4668. BLACK, DAVID. **The Plague Years: A Chronicle of AIDS, the Epidemic of Our Times.** New York: Simon & Schuster, 1986. 224 pp.

An expanded version of a series of articles written for **Rolling Stone** magazine; in keeping with this origin, the book is irritating and sometimes unconsidered, but occasionally insightful.

4669. CAHILL, KEVIN M. (ed.). **The AIDS Epidemic.** New York: St Martins Press, 1983. 173 pp.

A first attempt at a comprehensive assessment: thirteen papers, mainly by physicians, presented at a symposium at Lenox Hill Hospital in New York City and covering epidemiology, immunology, the clinical picture, and implications.

4670. CAPUTO, L. "Dual Diagnosis: AIDS and Addiction," **Social Work** (July-August 1985), 361-64.

Offers some light on an understudied phenomenon.

4671. CECCHI, ROBERT L. "Stress: Prodrome to Immune

Deficiency," **Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences**, 437 (1984), 286-89.

Suggests that communities affected by AIDS may be immune-deficient as a result of stress associated with a negative self-image, inability to express feelings and anger, and a lack of community support.

4672. CENTERS FOR DISEASE CONTROL, ATLANTA. "Report on AIDS," **Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Reports** (June 1981ff.).

These continuing weekly reports are the basis for the nationwide statistics on AIDS.

4673. COATES, THOMAS J., LYDIA TEMOSHOK, and JEFFREY MANDEL. "Psychosocial Research is Essential to Understanding and Treating AIDS," **American Psychologist**, 39 (1984), 1309-14.

In terms of the interface between biological and psychological variables, focuses on the psychological consequences of AIDS, psychosocial determinants of health-promoting and health-damaging behaviors, and factors related to disease incidence and progression.

4674. CONTE, J. E., JR., et al. "Infection-Control Guidelines for Patients with the Acquired Immuno-deficiency Syndrome," **New England Journal of Medicine**, 309:12 (September 22, 1983), 740-44.

Professional assessment of infection risks and the means of their control, a subject which has occasioned much fear among the lay public.

4675. DE VITA, VINCENT T., S. HELLMAN, and S. A. ROSENBERG. **AIDS: Etiology, Diagnosis, Treatment and Prevention**. New York: J. B. Lippincott, 1985. 352 pp.

A coordinated collection of contributions designed to serve as a textbook for physicians and medical researchers.

4676. EBBESEN, PETER, ROBERT J. BIGGER, and MALS MELBYE. **AIDS: A Basic Guide for Clinicians**. Philadelphia: W. B. Saunders, 1984. 313 pp.

Medical papers by European and North American investigators. Includes bibliography from the [US] National Institute of Allergy.

4677. FERRACINI, RICCARDO (ed.). **AIDS: Che cos'è: le cause, la diffusione, come si preveni, a chi rivolgersi**. Turin: Edizione Gruppo Abele, 1985. 168 pp.

Manual written in nontechnical language, combining material from physicians and activists. Italian and international focus.

4678. FERRARA, ANTHONY J. "My Personal Experience with AIDS," **American Psychologist**, 39 (1984), 1285-87.

The author, now deceased, recounts the emotional and physical problems, including his experience with four treatment regimens.

4679. FETTNER, ANN GIUDICI, and WILLIAM A. CHECK. **The Truth About AIDS: Evolution of an Epidemic.** New York: Holt, Rinehart and Winston, 1984. 288 pp. This overview for the lay public stressing social rather than medical aspects. includes discussion of fears and prejudices, rivalries among researchers, and problems in securing funds. A somewhat revised edition appeared in 1985.
4680. FISHER, JAMES L. "Homosexuality: Kick and Kick-back," **Southern Medical Journal**, 77 (1984), 149-50. Representative specimen of the conservative backlash trend.
4681. FISHER, RICHARD B. **AIDS: Your Questions Answered.** London: Gay Men's Press, 1984. 126 pp. Popular work in question-and-answer format addressed to British gay men. See also: Graham Hancock and Enver Carim, **AIDS: The Deadly Epidemic** (London: Gollancz, 1986; 191 pp.).
4682. FRIEDMAN-KIEN, ALVIN E., and LINDA J. LAUBENSTEIN (eds.). **AIDS: The Epidemic of Kaposi's Sarcoma and Opportunistic Infections.** New York: Masson, 1984. 351 pp. Forty-four papers by physicians and medical investigators; many charts and photographs; index. The original article by the dermatologist Moritz Kaposi (1837-1902) was entitled "Idiopathisches multiples Pigmentsarkom der Haut," **Archiv für Dermatologie und Syphilis**, 4 (1872), 265-73.
4683. FURSTENBERG, ANNE-LINDA, and MIRIAM OLSON. "Social Work and AIDS," **Social Work in Health Care**, 9:4 (Summer 1984), 45-62. General principles of practice are applied to the specifics of dealing with AIDS and with social work tasks involving patients, families and significant others.
4684. GAROOGIAN, RHODA. **AIDS, 1981-1983: An Annotated Bibliography.** Brooklyn: Compubibs, 1984. 92 pp. About 400 entries, many with descriptive annotations, arranged semestrally. Excludes "highly clinical references from the medical literature."
4685. GONG, VICTOR (ed.). **Understanding AIDS: A Comprehensive Guide.** New Brunswick, NJ: Rutgers University Press, 1985. 240 pp. Papers by medical personnel written for the lay public covering definitions; the clinical spectrum, implications; treatment; avoiding and coping with AIDS; and health resources. Bibliography and index.

4686. GREENLY, MICHAEL (ed.). **Chronicle: The Human Side of AIDS**. New York: Irvington, 1986. 439 pp. Assembles input from more than 100 people, to present a composite picture of the impact of the disease.
4687. HINZ, STEFAN. **AIDS: Die Lust an der Seuche**. Reinbek bei Hamburg: Rowohlt, 1984. 249 pp. Medical information, together with interviews with people with AIDS and others in West Germany.
4688. HIRSCH, DAN A., and ROGER W. ENLOW. "The Effects of the Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome on Gay Lifestyles and the Gay Individual," **Journal of the American Academy of Sciences**, 437 (1984), 273-82. AIDS has elicited a spectrum of responses ranging from panic, fear, and despair to feelings of closeness and unity that have helped the gay community to organize a long-term response to the epidemic.
4689. JOSEPH, JILL G., et al. "Coping with the Threat of AIDS: An Approach to Psychosocial Assessment," **American Psychologist**, 39 (1984), 1297-1302. Focuses on five areas of the psychosocial welfare of gay males: obtaining qualitative data, developing inventories, sampling in the gay community, building community networks, and characterizing the AIDS crisis.
4690. KAYAL, PHILIP. "'Morals,' Medicine and the AIDS Epidemic," **Journal of Religion and Health**, 24 (1985), 218-38. Evidence is given of the connection between moralizing--largely of religious origin--and the response of the medical establishment, leading to a tendency to blame the victim.
4691. KRAMER, LARRY. **The Normal Heart**. New York: New American Library, 1985. 123 pp. This play, an eviscerating work that has been frequently performed, is largely autobiographical, reflecting the author's passionate, sometimes strident campaign to educate the public on AIDS. The play is part of a growing body of drama and fiction reflecting the AIDS crisis.
4692. LANDBECK, G. (ed.). **AIDS: Opportunistic Infections and Hemophilia: Proceedings of the First German Round Table Discussion on AIDS and Its Implications in Hemophilia**. Stuttgart: Schattauer, 1984. 128 pp. Emphasizes a non-homosexual risk group.
4693. LAURENCE, JEFFREY. "The Immune System in AIDS," **Scientific American**, 253:6 (December 1985), 84-93. New knowledge of how the AIDS virus alters the growth and function of T4 lymphocytes may lead to treatments and ultimately a vaccine.

4694. LAYGUES, HELENE. **SIDA: Temoignage sur la vie et la mort de Martin.** Paris: Hachette, 1985. 300 pp.
Narrates the experiences of a French victim of AIDS.
4695. LEIBOWITCH, JACQUES. **A Strange Virus of Unknown Origin.** Translated by Richard Howard. New York: Ballantine, 1985. 172 pp.
Overview by a French physician and medical researcher, who posits an African origin for the disease.
4696. LIEBERSON, JONATHAN. "Anatomy of an Epidemic," **New York Review of Books** (August 18, 1983), 17-22.
Thoughts on the social implications of AIDS prompted by ten recent books. See also his: "The Reality of AIDS," *ibid.* (January 16, 1986), pp. 43-48.
4697. LOPEZ, DIEGO J., and GEORGE S. GETZEL. "Helping Gay AIDS Patients in Crisis," **Social Casework**, 65 (1984), 387-94.
From experiences at the Gay Men's Health Crisis (NYC), outlines seven phases of service to the gay AIDS patient: engagement and assessment, support of autonomy, explanation, support of the patient and indirect recognition of death, monitoring of health status, personal support networks and grief work, and care and advocacy for the dying patient.
4698. MARTIN, JOHN L., and CAROLE S. VANCE. "Behavioral and Psychosocial Factors in AIDS: Methodological and Substantive Issues," **American Psychologist**, 39 (1984), 1303-07.
Argues that dominance of the germ-theory model has led to research that neglects lifestyle factors.
4699. McKUSICK, LEON, WILLIAM HORSTMAN, and THOMAS J. COATES. "AIDS and Sexual Behavior Reported by Gay Men in San Francisco," **American Journal of Public Health**, 75 (May 1985), 493-96.
Survey of 655 gay men conducted at the University of California at San Francisco shows substantial decrease in number of sex partners and in "unsafe sex" among men in low-risk situations. Those in high risk situations evidenced little change.
4700. MELDRUM, JULIAN. **A.I.D.S. through the British Media.** London: AIDS Action Group, 1984. ca. 64 pp.
Bibliographical entries through June 1984 with some annotations, and index. Useful in tracing the evolution of public awareness and emotion in one country.
4701. MILLER, ALAN V. **Gays and Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome.** Second ed. Toronto: Canadian Gay Archives, 1983. 67 pp. (Canadian Gay Archives Publication no. 7)
This invaluable bibliography has about 1000 items, divided

according to medical press; the gay press (often neglected in such lists); and the mainstream press. Items in the Canadian Gay Archives are starred.

4702. MORIN, STEPHEN F., KENNETH A. CHARLES, and ALAN K. MALYON. "The Psychological Impact of AIDS on Gay Men," **American Psychologist**, 39 (1984), 1288-93.

Finds fear of death and dying, guilt, fear of lifestyle exposure, fear of contagion, loss of self-esteem, and a general sense of gloom among counseling clients. Psychologists should adopt a delicate balance of remaining sex-positive while recommending safer sex.

4703. NICHOLS, EVE K. **Mobilizing Against AIDS: The Unfinished Story of a Virus**. Cambridge, MA: Harvard University Press, 1986. 212 pp.

Synthesizes the AIDS session of the 1985 annual meeting of the Institute of Medicine of the National Academy of Sciences.

4704. NICHOLS, STUART E., and DAVID G. OSTROW. **Psychiatric Implications of Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome**. Washington, DC: American Psychiatric Press, 1984. 137 pp. (Clinical Insights Monographs)

Thirteen papers on medical aspects, psychiatric treatment, and social responses.

4705. NUNGESSER, LON G. **Epidemic of Courage: Facing AIDS in America**. New York: St. Martin's Press, 1986. 256 pp.

Frank interviews with seven PWAs (persons with AIDS), and with other concerned individuals.

4706. PANEM, SANDRA. "AIDS, Public Policy and Biomedical Research," **Chest**, 85 (1984), 416-22.

Documents the influence of the conservative backlash.

4707. PATTON, CINDY. **Sex and Germs: The Politics of AIDS**. Boston: South End Press, 1985. 250 pp.

Arguing for a more comprehensive understanding of sexuality and the body in political discourse, relates the fear of sexuality to the AIDS climate and the New Right attacks on gay people.

4708. PAUL, GERD, and LORETTA WALZ. **Hilfe und Selbsthilfe in San Francisco**. Berlin: Nissen, 1986. 144 pp.

Contrasts the pragmatic approach to AIDS in San Francisco with the more emotional response in Germany. Uses interview material.

4709. PAYNE, KENNETH W., and STEPHEN J. RISCH. "The Politics of AIDS," **Science for the People**, 16:5 (1984), 17-22.

Argues that an assault on the gay bathhouses is likely to be the first step in a wide-ranging campaign against gay institutions and freedoms.

4710. PEABODY, BARBARA. **The Screaming Room**. San Diego: Oak Tree, 1986. 254 pp.

A moving and literate account by a mother's ultimately unsuccessful effort to save her son from death by AIDS. See also Betty Clare Moffatt, **When Someone You Love Has AIDS: A Book of Hope for Family and Friends** (Santa Monica: IBS Press, 1986; 154 pp.).

4711. PURTILO, RUTH, JOSEPH SONNABEND, and DAVID PURTILO. "Confidentiality, Informed Consent and Untoward Social Consequences in Research on a 'New Killer Disease' (AIDS)," **Clinical Research**, 31:4 (October 1983), 464-72.

Discusses some serious consequences for civil liberties.

4712. RELMAN, ARNOLD S., et al. "AIDS: The Emerging Ethical Issues," **Hastings Center Report: Special Supplement** (August 1985), 1-32.

Includes discussion of screening, epidemiological investigation, clinical care, public health, and media coverage.

4713. ROZENBAUM, WILLY, DIDIER SEUX, and ANNIE KOUCHNER. **SIDA: Réalités et fantasmes**. Paris: Editions P.O.L., 1984. 168 pp.

Account for the lay public in France, where despite a relatively high number of cases, the public remained remarkably calm. (SIDA = AIDS.)

4714. SCHMIDT, CASPER G. "The Group-Fantasy Origins of AIDS," **Journal of Psychohistory**, 12 (Summer 1984), 37-78.

This eccentric article posits "a psychosocial origin for AIDS," which is presented as group fantasy of scapegoating, somehow linked to fear of nuclear attack and neo-conservative political trends.

4715. SIMKINS, LAWRENCE, and MARK G. EBERHAGE. "Attitudes toward AIDS, Herpes II, and Toxic Shock Syndrome," **Psychological Reports**, 55 (1984), 779-86.

A questionnaire administered to 232 Kansas City College students showed that although male homosexuals were concerned about AIDS they did not appear to have lowered their level of sexual activity.

4716. SLAFF, JAMES I., and JOHN K. BRUBAKER. **The AIDS Epidemic**. New York: Warner Books, 1985. 285 pp. Comprehensive account for the lay (esp. heterosexual) public. Part I is question-and-answer in format; part II traces the history of the disease and future outlook, with references.

4717. STAVER, SARI. "Psychiatrists' Broad Definition of 'Pre-AIDS' Stirs Debate," **American Medical News**, 27 (1984), 3-8.

Ideological overtones of the problem of determining the onset of the disease proper.

4718. TIELMAN, ROB, and FRITS VAN GRIENSVEN. "Sociaal-wetenschappelijk AIDS-onderzoek," **Sociologische Gids**, 32 (1985), 416-30.

Reports on a psycho-social study of 1000 gay men begun at Utrecht University which will examine such variables as the frequency and character of blood-to-blood and sperm-to-blood contacts, participation in networks, depression, identity, coping behavior, addiction, and lifestyle.

- 4718A. WINSTEN, JAY A. "Science and the Media: The Boundaries of Truth," **Health Affairs** (Spring 1985), 5-23.

AIDS reporting in the broad context of the problematics of publicity for medical research, including grandstanding and sensationalism.

D. MEDICAL ARCHAEOLOGY

The history of medical theorizing about the causes of homosexual behavior is a veritable museum of oddity. Nonetheless, the story is interesting as a series of chapters in the history of ideas. Moreover, some of these notions are still active today as religious moralizing and folklore, even sometimes as "science." For medical writers of the 19th and early 20th century who were specifically concerned with homosexuality, see "Pioneers," I.B; see also "Psychiatry," XVII.A-K.

4719. ARON, JEAN-PAUL, and ROGER KEMPF. **Le pénis et la démoralisation de l'Occident**. Paris: Grasset, 1978. 310 pp.

Claims, improbably, that homosexuality was a taboo subject in France until the time of Dr. Ambroise Tardieu in the mid-19th century. Reissued unchanged as **La bourgeoisie, le sexe et l'honneur** (Paris: Editions Complexe, 1984).

4720. AURELIANUS, CAELIUS. **On Acute Diseases & On Chronic Diseases**. Translated by I. E. Drabkin. Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1950. 1019 pp.

Translation of **De morbis acutis** and **De morbis chronicis**; text and translation on facing pages. These texts, possibly composed in the 5th century of our era, are based on Greek treatises by Soranus of Ephesus (early 2d century). See pp. 901-05 for the ancient origin of the sickness theory of homosexuality. A detailed commentary on the

relevant passages is provided by P. H. Schrijvers, **Eine medizinische Erklärung der männlichen Homosexualität aus der Antike** (Amsterdam: B. R. Grüner, 1985; 75 pp.); see also Giuseppe Roccatagliata and Sandra Isetta, "Celio Aureliano e il problema dell'omosessualità," **Archivio di psicologia neurologia e psichiatria** (April-June 1980), 276-81.

4721. BRANDT, ALLAN M. **No Magic Bullet: A Social History of Venereal Disease in the United States since 1880**. New York: Oxford University Press, 1985. 320 pp.

Traces America's response to sexually transmitted diseases from Victorian anxieties about syphilis to the current fears about herpes and AIDS.

4722. BULLOUGH, VERN L. "Homosexuality and the Medical Model," **JH**, 1 (1974), 99-110.

Holds that in the 18th and especially the 19th century, medical concepts about sexual deviation arose to reinforce traditional religious concepts which were undergoing erosion. For some latter-day US documents of these currents, see Jonathan Katz (ed.) **Gay American History** (New York: Crowell, 1976), 129-207.

4723. BURNHAM, JOHN. "Early References to Homosexual Communities in American Medical Writings," **Medical Aspects of Human Sexuality**, 7 (August 1973), 36, 40-49.

Claims that only in the early years of the 20th century, as a result of vice raids, venereal disease, and the writings of psychiatrists, did the American medical profession slowly learn of the existence of homosexual communities in major cities.

4724. CASPER, JOHANN LUDWIG. **A Handbook of the Practice of Forensic Medicine**. Translated by G. W. Balfour. London: New Sydenham Society, 1859-65. 4 vols.

In this influential text by a German physician (1796-1864), see vol. 3, pp. 328-46 on "disputed unnatural lewdness." Translation of **Handbuch der gerichtlichen Medicin** (Berlin: Hirschwald, 1856-58), of which a thoroughly revised edition was prepared by Carl Liman in 1881 (Berlin: Hirschwald). As the "Casper-Liman" it was the standard textbook of forensic medicine in German universities until 1933.

4725. CHARCOT, JEAN-MARTIN, and VALENTIN MAGNAN. "Inversions du sens genital et autres perversions génitales," **Archives de Neurologie**, nos. 7 and 12 (January-February and November 1882), 55-60; 296-322.

Charcot (1825-1893) was a noted French alienist, who influenced Freud and others. He introduced the term **inversion** (coined by Arrigo Tamassia in Italy in 1878) into